The Metroplex Overflight Noise Analysis (MONA) System: Implications for Noise Metrics Investigations

Noise Metrics and Impacts: Thinking Beyond DNL

PANEL PRESENTATION
AVIATION NOISE & EMISSIONS SYMPOSIUM 2022
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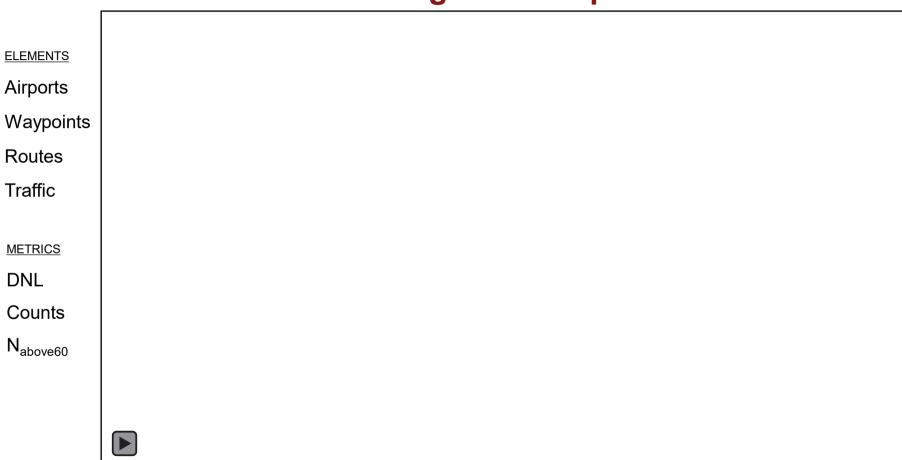
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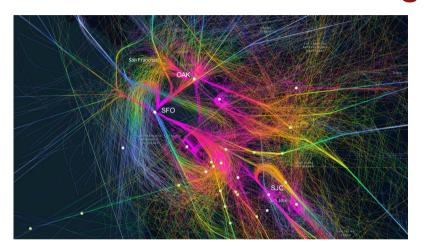
Intro Remarks & Disclaimer

- Work presented here is a result of joint efforts of the MONA team
 - Don Jackson, Tom Rindfleisch
 - A number of Stanford graduate and undergraduate students over the past 4 years including Nick Bowman, Brian Munguía, Sanjaye Narayan, Aditeya Shukla (UG), Patricia Wei (UG), Priscilla Lui (UG), Vikas Munukutla, Chetanya Rastogi
- The MONA team is also funded by FAA / ASCENT Project 53 to help assess the accuracy of noise predictions using AEDT
- Comments in this presentation are <u>not related</u> to our FAA-sponsored research and <u>do not represent FAA views / opinions</u>

Let's Face It: Predicting Noise Impacts is Hard...



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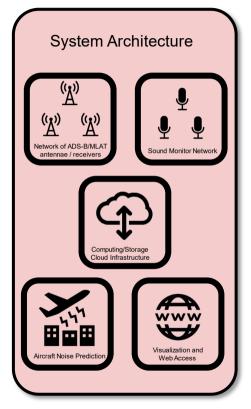


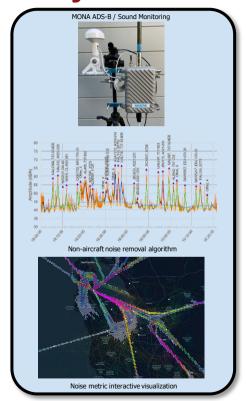


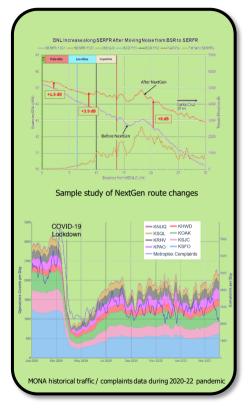


Figuring Out Appropriate Metrics Is HARDER

MONA System Overview

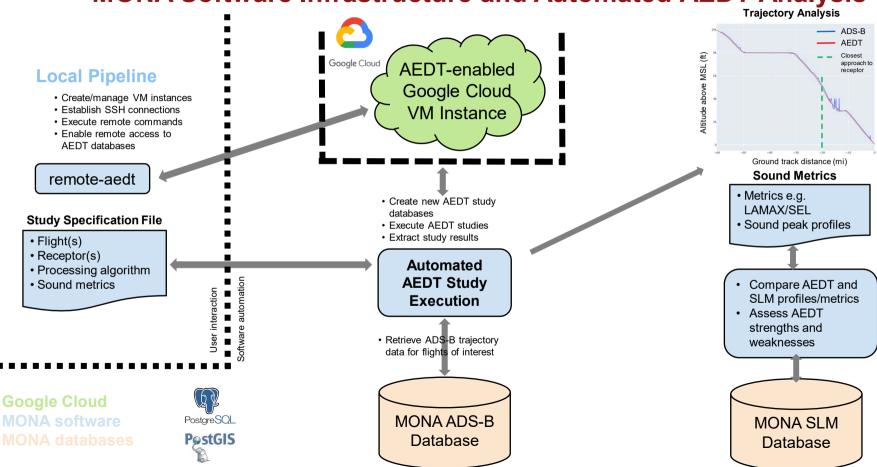






- Data (ADS-B and sound) collection, storage/compute infrastructure
- · Open-source, scalable, platform to automatically perform analyses (AEDT), studies, visualizations
- · Best-in-class algorithms / tools for data processing and predictions

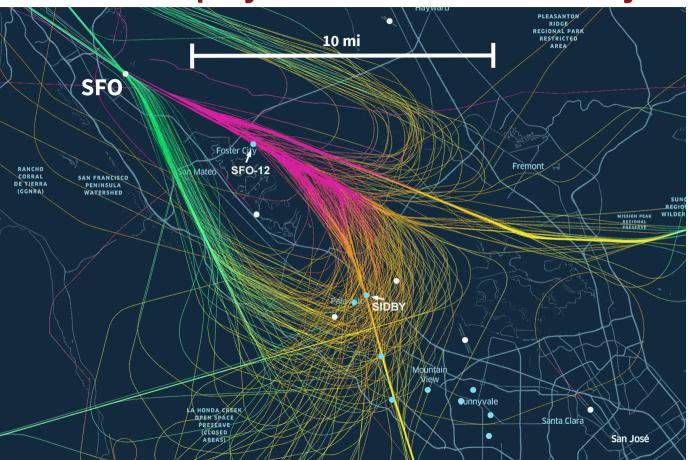
MONA Software Infrastructure and Automated AEDT Analysis



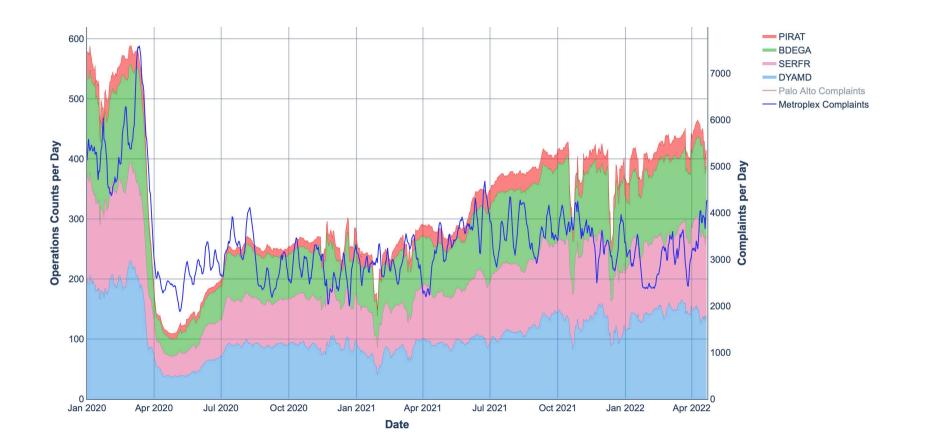
MONA System and Experiments of Opportunity

- What can MONA do to help with "Thinking Beyond DNL"?
- A better understanding of the correlations between impact/annoyance and noise metrics requires:
 - Larger amounts of high-fidelity data on noise exposure
 - Larger amounts of data on impact/annoyance
 - Not just more data, but better-quality data
- A system to analyze, correlate, and investigate all this data is needed
- A system that is open-source and can be applied to any airports / metroplexes
- A system that can be deployed anywhere in the US / abroad
- A system that can produce data of peer-review quality

Let's Simplify: SFO Arrival Traffic Only



COVID19 Experiment of Opportunity



Plot: 24-hr. filter length: 1

Plot: 24-hr, filter length: 7

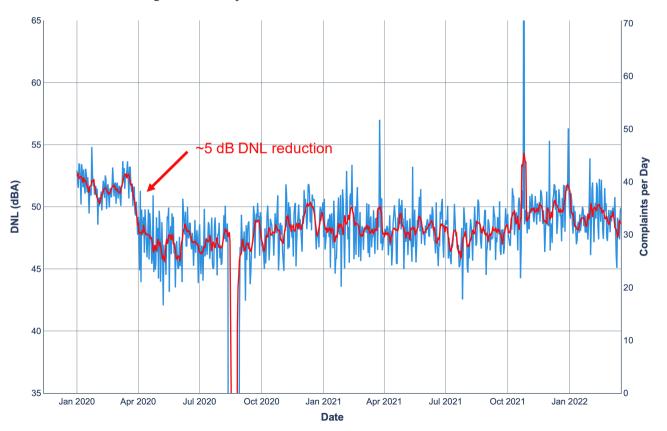
Plot: # per day, filter length: 7

- DNL-LEQ

- DNL-LEQ

COVID19 Experiment of Opportunity: DNL Reduction

Sound Metric Longitudinal Study



Thoughts on Metrics

- Previous panelist/s have stated the evidence clearly: DNL alone is not a good predictor of annoyance in the 2020s
- Frequency of overflights metrics (NEA-type) are well correlated with annoyance, particularly in low DNL areas
- Opportunities for better hybrid/composite metrics and non-linearly weighted (based on data) metrics abound
- Stakeholders should not be thinking about replacing DNL wholesale
 - It is more important to find metrics that can help inform future airspace redesign efforts to maximize safety, efficiency AND MINIMIZE NOISE impacts
- Large amounts of scientifically-proven data are necessary to achieve any of these goals

What Can MONA Help with and What Remains to be Done?

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Final Thoughts for Discussion

- MONA has built a system to collect and curate data
 - We will continuously improve its quality to help inform future re-routes with accurate understanding of noise exposure from proposed traffic patterns
 - Open source = help is welcome (developers, testers, SMEs, data scientists ...)
- New systems that generate large volumes of annoyance data are needed
 - Must be able to scientifically control for many typical outliers
- MONA not currently pursuing these efforts but would like to start discussions with other interested groups
- Crowd-sourcing is a promising way of generating such data (ask me how during Q&A)

