Passenger Air Vehicles Noise Requirements

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Overview

- Aurora Flight Sciences Passenger Air Vehicles (PAV)
- Current Noise Certification
- Design for Quieter PAV Noise Simulation Tools
- Design for Quieter PAV Model and Full Scale Validation
- Noise Metrics Loudness vs Annoyance
- What Would be a Subjective Noise Metric for PAV?
- Summary



Current Noise Certification FAA CFR

2016 CFR 14, Chapter 1, Part 36 Subpart F	2016 CFR 14, Chapter 1, Part 36 Subpart H	2016 CFR 14, Chapter 1, Part 36 Subpart K
Propeller Driven Small Airplanes and Propeller-Driven, Commuter Category Airplanes	Helicopters	Tiltrotors
36.501 Noise limits	36.801 Noise measurement 36.803 Noise evaluation and calculation 36.805 Noise limits	36.1101 Noise measurement and evaluation 36.1103 Noise limits



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Propeller Driven Small Airplanes and Propeller-Driven, Commuter Category Airplanes	Helicopters	Tiltrotors
Noise Levels Limits	Noise Levels Limits	Noise Levels Limits 9 9 <tr< td=""></tr<>

PAV Could be Certified Under Subpart F, H, K or a new Category



Design for Quieter PAV

Meet Noise Requirements

- Conceptual Design Preliminary Tools
- High Fidelity Simulation CFD/CAA
- Propeller Stand and Wind Tunnel Testing
- Full Scale Flight Test Validation



Full Use of Noise Simulation and Testing to Achieve Noise Objectives

Conceptual Design Tools

Open Rotor Noise Footprint

- Use preliminary noise models to make a quick assessment of noise footprint
- Different levels of fidelity based on where we are in the design phase
- Different noise metrics can be estimated for a given mission and vehicle



Contour Plot of Overall Sound Pressure Level Over a Simple mission using four different levels of fidelity



High Fidelity Simulation

Rotor Design, Vehicle Interaction, Full Vehicle Noise

SOURCE PREDICTION - Star-CCM+/PowerFLOW

 URANS/DES/LBM CFD – Source Prediction (high computational cost simulation)

ACOUSTIC PROPAGATION - Wave6

- Ffowcs Williams Hawkings Model
- Acoustic Finite Element Analysis
- Statistical Energy Analysis

FULL VEHICLE NOISE PERFORMANCE

- High Fidelity Rotor Geometry Design
- Multirotor Interaction Effects
- Rotor-Vehicle Interaction Effects
- Interior Noise

Example multirotor source interaction analysis from Wave6





Use State of the Art Noise Simulation to Predict Noise with Accuracy

Component and Wind Tunnel Testing

- Prop Stand to perform full scale propeller performance and acoustics testing
- Array of microphones to measure rotor noise at several observer locations
- Use of Boeing noise laboratory anechoic chamber for propeller performance and acoustics testing



Acquired five new class 1 sound level meters that can acquire +/- 1 dB accuracy, narrowband frequency resolution up to ~20 kHz **Boeing Anechoic Chamber**





Wind Tunnel and Propeller Stand Testing To Verify Design

Full Scale Validation and Certification

Race track for flyover

- Full scale noise validation will be conducted using an array of microphones to verify vehicle noise levels for a given background
- The microphone array will comply with CFR 14 measurement locations
- All measured data will be corrected for performance and weather reference conditions



What Would be a Subjective Noise Metric for PAV or Similar Vehicles?



Noise Perception

- Perceived loudness depends on frequency content of noise source
- Noise deltas are more important than absolutes
- Noise backgrounds and interactions can result in complex perception pattern





Annoyance can be highly subjective, including cognitive bias.

Rural Vs Urban Areas

80 80 In Quieter 60 Rural and 60 SPL (dB) SPL (dB) Suburban 40 40 areas, tone 20 20 0.1 levels will be 0 Π 10^{2} 10³ 10³ 10^{2} distinguished 104 104 Freq (Hz) Freq (Hz) 0.5 In Urban area: C.0 (La) Dressure (La) C.0-C.0en en en en le conservation de la contrate en contrate de la contrate de la contrate de la contrate de la contr many of the Pressure (Pa) tones will be 0 masked by the background -0.5 <u>–</u> 0 -1 0.5 2.5 3.5 4.5 0.5 2.5 3.5 4.5 1.5 3 1.5 3 5 2 5 0 1 2 4 4 Time (sec) Time (sec)

Rural Areas

Urban/Suburban Areas



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Current Projected Open Rotor Performance Against Urban Background



Frequency (Hz)





Noise Requirements for PAV

 Based on Urban and Suburban background noise, a conventional metric may not be sufficient for the PAV

 Whether we use dBA, SEL or EPNdB, background noise has to be considered



Summary

- Aurora Flight Sciences Successfully Completed its First Flight Testing of a Passenger Air Vehicle (PAV) at a test site in Manassas, VA
- Different Noise Certification Categories (Small Airplane driven propellers, Helicopters and Tiltrotors) that may fit the new Passenger Air Vehicles
- Advanced Noise Simulation Tools from Conceptual to Detailed design Tools, Model Scale Wind Tunnel, Component and Full Scale Noise Validation Flight Testing are used to Design a Quieter Vehicle
- Background Noise of Different Urban Areas will have significant impact on the Noise Limits Definition for the new Vehicle
- Noise requirements or metrics based on Loudness (EPNL) or Annoyance (SEL) need to be defined for the PAV Category



Questions?

